

ORDINANCE NO. 94-16  
OF THE BOARD OF COMMISSIONERS  
OF LAPORTE COUNTY, INDIANA

An ordinance of the County Commissioners of LaPorte County, Indiana to ensure LaPorte County residents that all public swimming pools, public wading pools, public spas, public hot tubs and associated auxiliary structures shall be operated and maintained in clean and sanitary conditions and free from defect.

**WHEREAS**, the Board of Commissioners of LaPorte County, Indiana has determined to ensure all LaPorte County residents that all public swimming pools, public wading pools, public spas, public hot tubs and associated auxiliary structures shall be operated and maintained in clean and sanitary conditions and free from defects;

**NOW THEREFORE**, be it and it is hereby ordained by the LaPorte County Board of Commissioners as follows:

Section 1. Incorporation and Adoption.

Rule 410 IAC 6-2 (Revised) Swimming and Wading Pool Operation is hereby incorporated and adopted by reference. A copy of said rule is on file in the Office of the LaPorte County Health Department.

Section 2. Additional Provisions.

A. Definitions

For the purpose of this ordinance, the following definitions are adopted:

a. "Swimming Pool" shall mean any structure, basin, chamber, or tank containing a body of water for swimming, diving, therapeutic, or recreational bathing; however, nothing in this ordinance shall be construed as applying to any swimming or wading pool maintained by an individual for the sole use of his household and house guests, or to a pool in a hospital or health facility approved by the State Department of Health, which pools is used for individual therapy only and is drained and filled prior to each individual. "Swimming Pool" shall also include auxiliary structures including dressing and locker rooms, toilets, showers, and other areas and enclosures that are intended for the use of persons using the pool, but shall not include

pools and auxiliary structures and equipment at private single family residences intended only for the use of the owner, his household and house guests.

b. "Bather" shall mean any person using the facility and adjoining area for the purpose of therapy, relaxation, recreation, or related activities.

c. "Department" shall mean the duly appointed, qualified and acting Health Officer of LaPorte County, Indiana, or his authorized representative.

d. "Person" shall mean any individual, partnership, firm, company, corporation, association, municipality, other division of government, or his legal representative or agent.

e. "Hot Tub" means a hydrotherapy spa constructed of wood with separately formed sides and bottoms shaped to join together by pressure from the surrounding hoops, bands or rods.

f. "Public" means used by persons other than the owner, his household and house guests.

g. "Spa" means a hydrotherapy unit used primarily for therapeutic or relaxation purposes which is not drained, cleaned or refilled for each individual. It does not apply to any spa used in a medical treatment facility, which is:

1. Under the direct supervision of qualified medical personnel; and
2. Drained after each use.

h. "Temporary Spa" means a portable public spa or hot tub which is installed in one (1) location for a period of thirty (30) days or less.

B. Design, Construction, Operation and Maintenance

a. Public spas and hot tubs shall be designed, constructed, operated and maintained in conformance with this rule and with 675 IAC 20-3 of the Indiana Department of Fire and Building Services.

b. Continued use of a public wooden hot tub installed prior to the effective date of this rule is permitted provided the public hot tub is maintained in a sanitary condition. No installation of a public wooden hot tub after the effective date of this rule shall be permitted.

Continued violations of this rule shall constitute grounds for requiring that the wooden tub be removed.

C. Water Supplies and Plumbing Fixtures

a. A public spa or public hot tub facility, and all plumbing appurtenances appertaining thereto including drinking fountains, lavatories and showers, shall be provided with a safe, portable water supply which meets the provisions of 327 IAC 8-2.

b. All portions of the water system serving public spas and public hot tubs and their ancillary facilities shall be protected against backflow and back-siphonage. Water introduced into the public spa or public hot tub, either directly or through their recirculation system, shall be supplied through an air gap or by other methods acceptable to the state building commissioner in accordance with 675 IAC 16.

D. Sewer Systems and Drains

a. The sewer system shall be adequate to serve the facility, including the bathhouse, locker room, and related accommodations. The building drains and sewers shall have capacity to carry filter backwash flows without surcharging or flooding onto the equipment room floor. Sewer systems which discharge filter washwater to a drain, ditch, stream, or lake must comply with the provisions of 327 IAC 2-1.

b. There shall be no direct physical connection between the sewer system and any drain from the public hot tub, public spa, or their recirculation system. Separation by air gap is required.

c. Public spas and public hot tubs and their ancillary facilities shall discharge to the public sewer system if such is feasibly available in the local area. If a public sewerage system is not available within a reasonable distance, sewage may be disposed of in accordance with either of the following:

1. Rule 410 IAC 6-10, commercial on-site wastewater disposal, in the case of sewage disposal systems which the rule defines as "on-site".

2. Applicable rules of the water pollution control board in the case of sewage disposal facilities other than commercial on-site sewage disposal systems.

E. Visitor and Spectator Areas: Food and Drink Areas

a. The spaces used by visitors and spectators at public spa or hot tub shall be completely separate from those spaces used by bathers. Visitors and spectators in street clothes may be allowed within the perimeter enclosures of the public hot tub if the visitors and spectators are in a separate area which is segregated from the space used by the bathers by a barrier or wall at least twenty-nine (29) inches high.

b. No food or drink shall be permitted in the immediate area of the public spa or public hot tub or on the decks surrounding the public spa or public hot tub except that food and beverage will be allowed in the visitor and spectator area, or in a similarly separated snack area for bathers, if beverages are served in non-breakable containers and refuse containers are provided to keep litter off the public spa or public hot tub decks.

F. Right of Closure

a. A public spa or public hot tub that does not meet the applicable bacteriological quality standards enumerated in Section 2-J of this rule is a health hazard. Failure to meet these requirements shall constitute grounds for closure.

b. The right is reserved to close any public swimming pool, public wading pool, public spa or public hot tub in the event of any epidemic or threatened epidemic of disease which the department may have reason to believe may be transmitted through the use of the facility, or because of continued failure to meet the facility water sampling or water quality requirements established by this rule. Failure to make necessary corrections within a specified length of time after notification shall constitute grounds for closure. The facility shall remain closed until the problems have been corrected to the satisfaction of the department.

c. The Health Officer may temporarily close for use any public swimming pool, public wading pool, public spa or public hot tub whenever any of the following conditions occur. Such pool, spa or hot tub shall not reopen for use until the condition has been brought

into compliance.

1. The amount of residual disinfectant is less than the minimum amounts specified in Section 2-I.
2. The microbiological quality of the pool, spa or hot tub is below that specified in Section 2-J.
3. The PH of the pool, spa or hot tub does not comply with provisions of Section 2-I.
4. The clarity of the water does not comply with the provisions of Section 2-K.
5. Pool, spa or hot tub attendants are not on duty as required in Section 2-G.
6. There is a malfunction or non-function of the recirculation system.
7. There is any other condition which may endanger the health, safety, or welfare of persons using the pool, spa or hot tub.

G. Safety Requirements: Supervision.

- a. Each swimming pool or spa/hot tub facility shall have at least one employee who is a Certified Pool Operator (CPO) or retain the services of a professional who is a certified pool operator. Proof of certification shall be made available to the Health Officer upon request. The certification must be renewed whenever required.
- b. Each public spa or public hot tub shall be supervised by a capable individual who shall be stationed in the vicinity of the facility whenever it is open for use, and which shall assume responsibility for compliance with this rule.
- c. Every public spa and public hot tub shall be equipped with a standard first aid kit suitable for use at recreational water facilities as recommended by the American Red Cross. The first aid kit shall be kept filled and ready to use. In the case of an apartment complex, hotel, or motel, this kit may be kept in the office of the manager.

d. The "No Diving" signs must be on the pool's desk and can be no more than eighteen (18) inches away from the pool.

e. When a public spa or public hot tub is not open for use, access shall be prevented by a fixed barrier with a locked entrance and a sign stating "Spa Closed" or "Hot Tub Closed" in clearly legible letters at least four (4) inches high affixed to the entrance closure.

f. A properly connected, usable telephone shall be located at or within two hundred (200) feet of the public spa or public hot tub facility.

The telephone must remain available for emergency use. Emergency telephone numbers must be posted within view of a person using said telephone. The information posted shall include the name and telephone number of the nearest available of the following:

1. Physician.
2. Ambulance or rescue unit.
3. Hospital.
4. Police station.
5. Fire Department.

g. A sign shall be posted in the immediate vicinity of the public spa or public hot tub stating the location of the telephone. The sign shall also state that emergency telephone numbers are posted at the telephone.

h. All suction openings in public spas, or public hot tubs shall be designed and maintained to prevent flow velocities from exceeding two (2) feet per second.

i. The facilities and mechanical equipment of every public swimming pool, public spa or public hot tub shall be operated under the close supervision of a trained operator.

j. All pool chemicals must be stored a distance of one hundred (100) feet away from any equipment or chemicals used to maintain the rest of the facility's premises and grounds.

H. Suits and Towels

a. All multi-use suits and towels furnished to bathers at a public spa or public hot tub shall be washed thoroughly with detergent and hot water, of at least one hundred seventy-five degrees Fahrenheit (175 F) rinsed, and thoroughly dried after each use.

b. Clean suits and towels must be kept strictly separated from those which have been used and are unlaundered. Appropriate swimwear must be worn by bathers (street clothes are prohibited).

I. Disinfection: Water Quality

a. Bacteriological sampling shall start at least two (2) weeks prior to the opening of the public swimming pool or public wading pool.

b. Public spas and public hot tubs, when open for use, shall be continuously and automatically disinfected with a chemical which imparts an easily measured, free residual.

c. When chlorine is used in a public spa or public hot tub, a free chlorine residual of at least three (3.0) mg/L shall be maintained throughout the spa or hot tub water. If other halogens are used, residuals of equivalent disinfecting strength shall be maintained. Whenever the residual disinfectant level falls below the minimum designated level, the public spa or public hot tub shall be closed and kept free of bathers until that minimum level has been restored.

d. The department may accept other disinfecting materials or methods when such materials or methods have been adequately demonstrated to provide a satisfactory residual effect which is easily measured and to be otherwise equally effective under conditions of use or halogen concentrations as required in subsection (b) or as a secondary disinfectant to be used in conjunction with a halogen. Such materials and methods shall not be dangerous to public health, create objectionable physiological effects, or impart toxic properties to the water. The use of gaseous (elemental) chlorine as a disinfectant in public swimming pools, public wading pools, public spas or public hot tubs is prohibited.

e. A test kit to measure the concentration of free available disinfectant, accurate within five-tenths (0.5) mg/L and covering a minimum range of five-tenths (0.5) mg/L to five (5) mg/L, shall be used at each public spa or public hot tub. Testing frequency shall be at least every two (2) hours whenever the public spa or public hot tub is open and in use, and more frequently when the public spa or public hot tub is operating at or near the maximum allowable bather load specified in Section 2-M of this rule.

f. Public spa and public hot tub water shall be maintained in an alkaline condition as indicated by a ph of not less than seven and two-tenths (7.2) and not over seven and eight-tenths (7.8). A ph test kit accurate to the nearest two-tenths (0.2) ph unit and covering a minimum range of seven (7.0) to eight (8.0) ph units shall be provided at each public spa or public hot tub facility. The alkalinity of the water in public spas or public hot tubs shall be maintained at a level of at least eighty (80) mg/L as titrated to the methyl orange end point.

g. The recirculation system for a public spa or public hot tub shall be maintained in condition to recirculate a volume of water equal to the entire contents of the spa or hot tub within thirty (30) minutes. A device shall be provided to measure the flow of the water through the recirculation system. Such device shall be located where it is accessible and easily read.

h. The temperature of a public spa or public hot tub water shall not exceed one hundred and four degrees Fahrenheit (104 F.) or forty degrees Celsius (40 C.). A thermometer capable of accurately measuring temperature in the range of eighty degrees Fahrenheit (80 F.) or twenty-seven degrees Celsius (27 C.) to one hundred-twenty degrees Fahrenheit (120 F.) or forty-nine degrees Celsius (49 C.) shall be provided at each public spa or public hot tub facility. The thermostat for controlling the water temperature of a public spa or public hot tub shall be located in such a way that it cannot be adjusted by the customers.

i. A sign stating "DANGER - HAZARDOUS CHEMICALS" in clearly legible letters at least four (4) inches high shall be posted on or adjacent to the entrance to the public spa or public hot tub chemical feed or storage rooms.

J. Bacteriological Examination

a. The owner of each public spa or public hot tub shall arrange for the collection and bacteriological examination of the water in that spa or hot tub in accordance with the following schedule:

Operators of public spas and public hot tubs shall submit at least one (1) water sample per week for bacteriological examination whenever the facility is open for use.

Results of such examination shall be reported to the department. Failure to meet this requirement shall constitute grounds for closure by the department.

b. No more than fifteen percent (15%) of samples collected from a public spa or public hot tub, in any two (2) month period of time shall do the following:

1. Contain more than two hundred (200) bacteria per milliliter, as determined by the standard thirty five degree Centigrade (35 C.) agar plate count.

2. Show positive test (confirmed test) for coliform organisms in any of the five (5) ten-milliliter (10 ml) portions of a sample, or more than one (1) coliform organisms per fifty milliliters (50 ml) when the membrane filter test is used.

All public swimming pool, public wading pool, public spa and public hot tub samples shall be collected, dechlorinated, and examined for total bacteria using the heterotrophic thirty-five degree Centigrade (35 C.) plate count method and for total coliform using the multiple tub fermentation test, the membrane filter test, the MMO-MUG test, or the one hundred milliliter (100 ml) presence/absence test. Such tests shall be performed by a state approved bacteriological laboratory in accordance with the procedures outlined in Part 9000, Microbiological Examination of Water, of the eighteenth (18th) edition of "Standard Methods for the Examination of Water and Wastewater (APHA)" or the most recently approved and accepted addition. Where samples are examined in laboratories other than those of the department, copies of the report of the examination, or a weekly summary of such examinations, shall be sent by the laboratory or by the public swimming pool, public wading pool, public spa or public hot tub operator to the LaPorte County Health Department

K. Physical Water Quality

a. The water at a public spa or public hot tub shall have sufficient clarity at all times that a black disk, at least six (6) inches in diameter on a white field placed at a depth of at least four (4) feet of water, shall be readily visible from the surface of the water. Failure to meet these requirements shall constitute grounds for immediate closure of the public spa or public hot tub by the department of the local board of health. A public spa or public hot tub which does not meet the applicable clarity standards enumerated in this subsection is a health and safety hazard.

b. Chemicals used in controlling the quality of water in public spas or public hot tubs shall be demonstrated as imparting no toxic properties to the water. The addition of chemicals for algae control shall be approved by the department, and, where appropriate, the Indiana State Chemist.

L. Cleaning of Public Spas or Public Hot Tubs

a. Visible dirt on the bottom of the public spa or public hot tub shall be removed every twenty-four (24) hours or more frequently as required.

b. Scum or floating matter on the public spa or public hot tub water surface shall be removed continuously by skimming, flushing, or other effective means when the public spa or public hot tub is open for use.

c. A public spa or public hot tub shall be drained and scrubbed with a disinfecting agent at least once every two (2) weeks when open for use, and more frequently if there are indications of poor water quality or clarity.

d. The deck and cover of a public spa or public hot tub shall be cleaned and scrubbed with a disinfecting agent at least once every week. Such disinfecting agent shall be compatible with other pool chemicals used and have a concentration, when applied, equivalent to one hundred (100) mg/L available chlorine.

M. Operating and Supervision.

a. The maximum allowable bather load of a public spa or public hot tub shall not exceed one (1) person for each three (3) feet of the inner edge of the spa or hot tub seat or bench.

b. At least one (1) individual trained in first aid and cardiopulmonary resuscitation shall be available at a public spa or public hot tub or on call whenever the facility is open for use by bathers. The American Red Cross basic courses will be acceptable training.

N. Records of Operation.

a. Daily operating records shall be maintained and recorded each day the public spa or public hot tub is open for use and shall include the following:

1. Total bather loads;
2. Water temperature;
3. Volume of fresh water added;
4. Operating periods of recirculating pumps and filters and corresponding rate-of-flow meter readings;
5. Amounts and types of chemicals used;
6. Disinfectant residuals;
7. Ph readings;
8. Maintenance (and any malfunction) of equipment;
9. Results of bacteriological examinations; and
10. Reports of accidents, injuries, illness, and complaints related to the public spa or public hot tub operation.

b. Local boards of health may require operators to keep daily operating records for a minimum of one (1) year.

c. Daily operating records shall be open to inspection by health authorities at all times. Weekly summaries of these records shall be submitted to the local board on request, using forms acceptable to that authority.

O. Personal Conduct

- a. The owner or operator of a public spa or public hot tub shall develop, post, and enforce rules governing personal conduct at his public spa or hot tub. Such rules shall include, but are not limited to, the following:
1. All bathers shall use the toilet before taking a cleansing bath and entering the public spa or public hot tub.
  2. All persons using the public spa or public hot tub shall take a cleansing shower bath, using warm water before entering the public spa or public hot tub rooms or enclosures. A bather leaving the spa or hot tub shall take another cleansing bath before returning to the spa or hot tub room or enclosure.
  3. Spitting, spouting of water, blowing the nose, or similar behavior in the public spa or public hot tub shall be strictly prohibited.
  4. No running and boisterous or rough play shall be permitted in the public spa or public hot tub area.
  5. Any person having an infectious or communicable disease shall be excluded from the public spa or public hot tub. Persons having any considerable area of exposed subepidermal tissue, open blisters, cuts or open sores, should not use the spa or hot tub since these areas are likely to become infected.
  6. Consumption of alcohol, tranquilizers or other drugs in a public spa or public hot tub or in the spa or hot tub area is prohibited.
  7. Persons suffering from heart disease, high or low blood pressure, pregnant women and elderly persons should not enter the spa without a medical doctor's advice.
  8. Unsupervised use of public spas or public hot tubs by children under fourteen (14) years of age is prohibited.
  9. Continuous use of the public spa or public hot tub by bathers shall be limited to fifteen (15) minute intervals.

10. Diving or jumping into the public spa or public hot tub is prohibited.

b. Placards embodying the personal conduct regulations and instructions in subsection (a), and those relating to suits and towels, shall be conspicuously posted in the public spa or public hot tub room or enclosure and in the dressing rooms and offices at all public spas or public hot tubs which are subject to this rule.

P. Temporary Spas

a. Portable public spas and public hot tub facilities are subject to the requirements of this rule. The lessee or custodian shall be responsible for operation of the portable public spa or public hot tub in accordance with this rule during the period of the lease, rental agreement or other contractual agreement.

b. The owner of the portable public spa or public hot tub shall be responsible for thoroughly cleaning and disinfecting the unit after termination of the lease, rental or other agreement and before it is used at another location.

Q. Health & Safety

No swimming pools, artificial body of water, building, area, premises or parts thereof, shall be constructed, made, used, maintained or operated in any manner which may cause or be conducive to any health or safety hazard.

Section 3. Permit Requirements

a. Permit - It shall be unlawful for any person to operate a public swimming pool, public wading pool, public spa or public hot tub in LaPorte County, Indiana, who does not possess a valid permit from the Health Officer. Such permit shall be posted in a conspicuous place on the premises of such swimming pool, wading pool, spa or hot tub. Only persons who comply with the applicable provisions of this ordinance shall be entitled to receive and retain such a license. Such permit for a yearly operating pool shall be for a term of one (1) year, to be renewed annually on or prior to an anniversary date established by the Health Officer. Any permit issued by the Health Officer shall contain the name and address of the person to whom

a license is issued and such other data as the Health Officer may deem necessary.

b. Permit Fees - Public swimming pools, public wading pools, public spas or public hot tubs operating only during the summer months shall pay to the LaPorte County Health Department, a license fee of twenty-five dollars (\$25.00) each year, submitted with the initial or annual permit renewal application. Public swimming pools, public wading pools, public spas and public hot tubs operating year round, or for periods longer than the summer months of May, June, July, August and September, shall pay to the LaPorte County Health Department, a permit fee of fifty dollars (\$50.00) each year per pool. All license fees shall be payable on or before the established anniversary date of the year intended for operation, and shall be subject to the addition of a late penalty charge of 10% of the permit fee if submitted after the permit expiration date of that year. The late penalty charge does not apply to the pool facilities which were not in operation the previous year. Tax supported units of government and schools shall be exempt from the payment of the above prescribed fees. All pools, including tax supported units of government and schools shall pay a license processing fee of fifty dollars (\$50.00) for each site of a swimming pool, wading pool, spa or hot tub. In addition, a fee of fifty dollars (\$50.00) is to be paid for each additional swimming pool, wading pool, spa or hot tub operated by the same person and at the same address equipped with separate filtration and disinfection systems.

Section 4. Powers for Inspection: Enforcement: Service of Notices and Order Hearings.

a. The Health Officer or his duly authorized agent, bearing proper credentials and identification, shall be permitted to enter upon all properties at proper times for the purpose of inspection, and/or monitoring necessary to carry out the provisions of this ordinance.

b. Whenever the Health Officer determines that there are reasonable grounds to believe that there has been a violation of any provision of this ordinance, he shall give notice to such alleged violation to the person or persons responsible therefore, and to any known agent of such person, as hereinafter provided. Such notice shall:

1. Be in written form;
2. Include a statement of reasons why it is being issued;

3. Allow a reasonable time for the performance of any act it requires;

4. Be served upon the owner or his agent, or the occupant, as the case may require, provided that such notice shall be deemed to be properly served upon such owner or agent, or upon him personally, or if a copy thereof is sent by certified mail to his last known address or if a copy thereof is posted in a conspicuous place in or about the facility affected by notice, or if he is served with such notice by any other method authorized or required under the laws of this state.

5. Such notice must contain an outline of remedial action, which, if taken, will effect compliance with the provisions of the ordinance.

C. Request For a Hearing.

Any person affected by any such notice of closure issued by the Health Officer may request and shall be granted a hearing on the matter before said officer or designated hearing officer, provided that such person shall file in the office of the latter within ten (10) days after service of the notice, a written petition requesting such hearing and setting forth a statement of the grounds thereof. Upon receipt of such petition, the Health Officer shall arrange a time and place for such hearing and shall give the petitioner written notice thereof. Such hearing shall be heard as soon as practical after the receipt of request thereof. At such hearing, the petitioner shall be given an opportunity to be heard and to show cause why compliance with the ordinance should not be met.

D. Post Hearing Procedures.

After such hearing, the Health Officer shall sustain, modify, or withdraw the notice, depending upon his findings as to whether compliance with the provisions of this ordinance have been met. If the Health Officer shall sustain or modify such notice, it shall be deemed to be an order. Any notice served pursuant to Section 4-B of this ordinance shall automatically become an order if a written petition for a hearing is not filed in the office of the Health Officer within ten (10) days after such notice is served.

E. Whenever the Health Officer finds that an emergency exists which requires immediate action to protect the public health he may, without notice or hearing, issue an order reciting the existence of such an emergency and requiring that such action be taken as he deems necessary to meet the emergency. Notwithstanding the other provisions of this ordinance, such order shall be effective immediately, but upon petition to the Health Officer shall be afforded a hearing as soon as possible, in the manner provided in Section 4-C. After such hearing, depending upon the finding as to whether the provisions of this ordinance have been complied with, the Health Officer shall continue such order in effect, or modify it or revoke it.

Section 5. Penalties

a. Any person, firm or corporation who shall violate any provision of this ordinance shall be served by the Health Officer with a written order stating the nature of the violation and providing a time limit for satisfactory correction thereof. Any person, firm or corporation found in violation of that order shall be subject to the penalties set forth in Section 5-B.

b. Any person, firm or corporation who shall violate any provision of this ordinance shall be subject to penalty as hereinafter prescribed in this Section. On being found to have violated the provisions of this Ordinance, the violator shall be subjected to a fine of five hundred dollars (\$500.00) for the first offense; a fine of not more than one thousand dollars (\$1,000.00) for the second repeat offense; a fine of not more than one thousand five hundred dollars (\$1,500.00) for the third and each subsequent repeat offense.

c. Any person violating any of the provisions of this ordinance shall become liable to said County for any expense, loss or damage occasioned by reason of such violation.

Section 6. Enforcement Interpretation

The Health Officer may initiate any procedures as he deems necessary for proper enforcement and to carry out the purpose and intent of this ordinance.

Section 7. Repealer

a. All ordinances or parts of ordinances in conflict with this ordinance are hereby repealed.

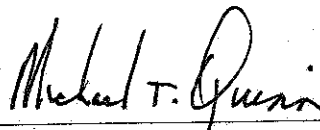
b. The invalidity of any section, clause, sentence, or provision of this ordinance shall not affect the validity of any other part of this ordinance.

Section 8      Effective Date

This ordinance shall become effective on the 1st day of January, 1995.

This Ordinance having been passed and adopted by the LaPorte County Board of Commissioners on this 15<sup>th</sup> day of August, 1994.

LAPORTE COUNTY BOARD OF COMMISSIONERS,



Michael T. Quinn, President

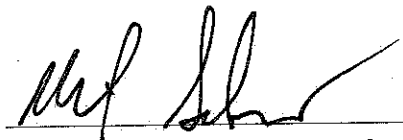


Norman E. Pahs



Stephen J. Wurster

ATTEST:



Michael Schultz, Auditor of  
LaPorte County

Please publish two (2) times in the Michigan City News-Dispatch and LaPorte Herald Argus on Friday, September 9, 1994 and Friday, September 16, 1994.